

Material Safety Data Sheet

PRODUCT NAME PROMAPAINT® WB3

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier Name PROMAT AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

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Synonym(s) WB3 • CAFCO® WB3 • PROMAPAINT® CAFCO® WB3 • PROMAT INTUMESCENT COATING

Use(s) INTUMESCENT PAINT FOR STRUCTURAL STEEL

MSDS Date 25 February 2008

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

NOT CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO NOHSC CRITERIA

NOT CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

UN No. None Allocated DG Class None Allocated Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated Pkg Group None Allocated Hazchem Code None Allocated EPG None Allocated

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	CAS No.	Content
ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER	C6-H14-O2	111-76-2	Not Available
WATER	H2O	7732-18-5	>60%
ACRYLIC RESIN	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
MELAMINE	Not Available	108-78-1	Not Available
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	Ti-O2	13463-67-7	Not Available

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to

stop by the PIC or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water. Continue

flushing with water until advised to stop by the PIC or a doctor.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed,

do not induce vomiting.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically

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5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (hydrocarbons, carbon oxides) when heated to decomposition.

Fire and **Explosion**

Non flammable. Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases (hydrocarbons, carbon oxides) may be evolved when heated. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment (see spill above) including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

Extinguishing Non flammable. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways, absorb runoff with sand or similar.

Hazchem Code None Allocated

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Spillage

If spilt (bulk), contact emergency services where appropriate. Wear splash-proof goggles, PVC/rubber gloves, a Type A (Organic vapour) respirator, coveralls and boots. Ventilate and clear area of all unprotected personnel. Prevent spill entering drains or waterways. Absorb spill with sand or similar, collect and place in sealable containers for disposal.

7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

Store out of direct sunlight and out of the reach of children, in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from Storage oxidising agents (eg. hypochlorites), acids (sulphuric acid), heat sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are

adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Large storage areas should

have appropriate ventilation systems.

Handling Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin

contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Stds

Ingredient	Reference		TWA		STEL	
	Reference	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	
2-Butoxyethanol (EGBE)	NOHSC (AUS)	20.0	96.9	50.0	242.0	
Titanium dioxide (a)	NOHSC (AUS)		10.0			

Biological Limits No biological limit allocated.

Engineering Controls

Use with adequate natural ventilation. Open windows and doors where possible. In poorly ventilated areas, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended.

PPE

Wear splash-proof goggles and rubber or PVC gloves. When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear coveralls. At high vapour levels, wear a Type A (Organic vapour) Respirator. If spraying, wear a Type A-Class P1 (Organic gases/vapours and Particulate) Respirator.





9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

WHITE LIQUID Solubility (water) **Appearance** INSOLUBLE (cured) **Specific Gravity NOT AVAILABLE** Odour SLIGHT ODOUR % Volatiles pН NOT AVAILABLE **NOT AVAILABLE** Flammability Vapour Pressure NON FLAMMABLE **NOT RELEVANT Vapour Density** < 1 (Air = 1)Flash Point **Boiling Point** 210°C to 215°C NOT RELEVANT **Upper Explosion Limit**

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 Melting Point
 NOT AVAILABLE
 Lower Explosion Limit
 NOT RELEVANT

 Evaporation Rate
 NOT AVAILABLE
 Autoignition Temperature
 NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

Conditions to

No known conditions to avoid.

Avoid

Material to Avoid Incompatible with oxidising agents (eg. peroxides) and acids (eg. hydrochloric acid).Decomposition May evolve toxic gases (hydrocarbons, carbon oxides) when heated to decomposition.

Hazardous Reactions

Polymerization is not expected to occur. Polymerization will not occur.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Summary Low toxicity. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and vapour generation - inhalation. Chronic over exposure to some glycols is reported to cause kidney and liver damage, however due to the low concentration present and low vapour pressure, adverse health effects are not anticipated with normal use. Low to moderate toxicity. Use safe work practices to avoid eye or skin contact and vapour inhalation. Due to the low vapour pressure of this product an inhalation hazard is not anticipated. Over exposure to glycols or glycol ethers may

result in liver, kidney, lung and blood damage.

Eye Low to moderate irritant. Exposure may result in irritation, pain and redness.

Inhalation Low irritant. Over exposure to mists or vapours (if sprayed) may result in mucous membrane irritation of the nose

and throat with coughing. At high levels nausea, dizziness and headache. Low product vapour pressure (low

volatility), considerably reduces the potential for an inhalation hazard.

Skin Low irritant. Prolonged or repeated contact may result in mild irritation and rash.

Ingestion Low toxicity. Ingestion may result in headache, nausea, vomiting, gastrointestinal irritation and diarrhoea.

Toxicity Data ETHYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER (111-76-2)

LC50 (Inhalation): 700 ppm (mouse) LD50 (Ingestion): 300 mg/kg (rabbit) LD50 (Skin): 230 mg/kg (guinea pig)

MELAMINE (108-78-1)

Carcinogenicity: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity (IARC Group 3)

LC50 (Inhalation): 3248 mg/m3 (rat) LD50 (Ingestion): 3161 mg/kg (rat) LD50 (Skin): > 1 g/kg (rabbit)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Environment ATMOSPHERE: Vapour phase glycols are expected to degrade fairly rapidly by reaction with hydroxyl radicals (eg

half-life 32 hours for propylene glycol). Removal from air by rainfall is possible. WATER: Should degrade relatively rapidly via biodegradation. SOIL: If released to soil, relatively rapid biodegradation should also occur. Leaching to

groundwater may occur.

Ecotoxicity Low toxicity to aquatic organisms.

Persistence / Degradability

This product is readily biodegradable.

Mobility Miscible in water, and likely to be transported considerable distances in soil.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal For small amounts absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. Contact the

manufacturer for additional information if larger amounts are involved. Prevent contamination of drains and waterways as aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may result.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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Shipping Name None Allocated

UN No.None AllocatedDG ClassNone AllocatedSubsidiary Risk(s)None AllocatedPkg GroupNone AllocatedHazchem CodeNone AllocatedEPGNone Allocated

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison Schedule A poison schedule number has not been allocated to this product using the criteria in the Standard for the Uniform

Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSDP).

AICS All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information

ACRYLIC - WATER BASED COMPOUNDS: It should be noted that most water based paints and acrylic or thermoplastic resins may contain small percentage of solvents, usually less than 5%. The solvent is used as a dispersion agent for the resin of choice. This solvent component may present potential respiratory hazards only in poorly ventilated areas or when sprayed. Those individuals with existing skin disorders should avoid direct contact.

RESPIRATORS: In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

ABBREVIATIONS:

ADB - Air-Dry Basis.

BEI - Biological Exposure Indice(s)

CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds.

CNS - Central Nervous System.

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer.

M - moles per litre, a unit of concentration.

mg/m3 - Milligrams per cubic metre.

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified.

pH - relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).

ppm - Parts Per Million.

TWA/ES - Time Weighted Average or Exposure Standard.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a Chem Alert report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this Chem Alert report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

COLOUR RATING SYSTEM: RMT has assigned all Chem Alert reports a colour rating of Green, Amber or Red for the sole purpose of providing users with a quick and easy means of determining the hazardous nature of a product. Safe handling recommendations are provided in all Chem Alert reports so as to clearly identify how users can control the hazards and thereby reduce the risk (or likelihood) of adverse effects. As a general guideline, a Green colour rating indicates a low hazard, an Amber colour rating indicates a moderate hazard and a Red colour rating indicates a high hazard.

While all due care has been taken by RMT in the preparation of the Colour Rating System, it is intended as a guide only and RMT does not provide any warranty in relation to the accuracy of the Colour Rating System. As far as is lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability or responsibility whatsoever for the actions or omissions of any person in reliance on the Colour Rating System.

Report Status

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer of the product and serves as the manufacturer's Material Safety Data Sheet ('MSDS').

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It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this MSDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this MSDS.

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End of Report